## Case 2:04-cv-02006-MCE-EFB Document 26 Filed 10/25/05 Page 1 of 3 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 United States District Court 8 Eastern District of California 9 10 11 12 Patrick R. Holley, Sr., Plaintiff, 13 Civ. No. S 04-2006 MCE PAN P 14 VS. Order on Request for Counsel 15 California Department of Corrections, et al., 16 Defendants. 17 18 -000-19 Plaintiff is a state prisoner proceeding pro se and in forma 20 pauperis in a civil rights action. Plaintiff moved for 21 appointment of counsel on October 14, 2005. 22 In proceedings that do not threaten a litigant with loss of 23 physical liberty, there presumptively is no right to appointed 24 counsel. Lassiter v. Department of Social Services, 452 U.S. 18, 25 26-27 (1981). Section 1915(e)(1) of Title 28 confers discretion 26 upon the court to request counsel represent an indigent civil

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litigant. Mallard v. District Court, 490 U.S. 296 (1989).

In deciding whether to appoint counsel the court exercises discretion governed by a number of factors, including the likelihood of success on the merits and the applicant's ability to present his claims in light of their complexity. Weyqandt v. Look, 718 F.2d 952, 954 (9th Cir. 1983); see also, LaMere v. Risley, 827 F.2d 622, 626 (9th Cir. 1987). Ordinarily the presumption of regularity in the state's procedures for confining prisoners suggests a lack of likely success and counsels against appointment of counsel. See Maclin v. Freake, 650 F.2d 885, 887 (7th Cir. 1981). As a general rule, the court will not appoint counsel unless the applicant shows his claim has merit in fact and law. Id. Even if the applicant overcomes this hurdle, the court will not appoint counsel if the law is settled and the material facts are within the plaintiff's possession, viz., they do not require investigation outside the prison walls. Id. at 887-88.

Here, plaintiff alleges his constitutional rights were violated when defendants punished him for refusing to comply with the grooming standards. The law governing this issue familiar to the court and investigation outside the prison walls is unnecessary to discover material facts. There is, on the record before the court, no reason to believe appointment of counsel would be of significant benefit.

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## Plaintiff's October 14, 2005, request for the appointment of counsel therefore is denied. So ordered. Dated: October 25, 2005. /s/ Peter A. Nowinski PETER A. NOWINSKI Magistrate Judge

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